Science 9 – Ch10 Current Electricity Note 4: Resistance

٠	A resistor is part of an electric circuit that the flow of electric	c current.						
•	We put resistors in a circuit in order to control the	going into different parts						
	of a device.							
•	As current flows through a device/resistor, some of the electrical energy is	into another						
	form, such as light or energy.							
•	Every device we connected to a circuit has some amount of	, even the WIRE!!						
Ohm (Ω)								
	• The symbol for a resistor is:	Current Limiting						

- The unit for measuring the resistance value of a device is (Ω) .

Resistor

Battery

				Resist	or Colour Code		
•	Resistance value is usually colour coded.					Colour	Numeric Value
•	For Science 9 we will only focus on the first 3 colour bands. Let say we have a resistor with Brown , Green and Red colour bands					Black	0
						Brown	1
have a resistor with Brown , Green and Red corour bands						Red	2
1 st 2 nd Digit Digit W ¹¹⁰¹ Coe ^{norce}						Orange	3
						Yellow	4
						Green	5
						Blue	6
						Violet	7
						Grey	8
_						White	9
	1 st band colour	2 nd band colour	3 rd band colour	Resistor Value (Ω)			
(a)	blue	green	red				
(b)	violet	black	yellow				
(c)	green	blue	brown				
(d)	brown	red	black				
(e)	grey	violet	orange				
(f)	red	brown	red				
	value of a ds of colou			hat are the first t	ree The value of this re three bands of colo		

Ohm's Law (Most important Equation for this chapter!)

The relationship between voltage, gurrent and registering is linear as						
The relationship between voltage, current and resistance is known as						
Ohm's Law: $V = IR$						
Voltage (V) = (I) x (R)						
Volts (V)amps (A)ohms (Ω)IK						
The the amount of resistance, the the current						
• Resistance = Voltage ÷ Current $R = \frac{V}{I}$						
• Current = Voltage ÷ Resistance $I = \frac{V}{R}$						
Example 1) A current of 2.5 mA flows through a resistor when connected to a 16 V power supply. What is the value of this resistor?						
Example 2) What is the current produced by a potential difference of 240 volts through a resistance of 0.2 ohms?						